T/N	JCINEEDING MA	ATHEMATICS-III			
		it System (CBCS) schem	nel		
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)					
SEMESTER – III					
Subject Code	17MAT31	IA Marks	40		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Marks 60					
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03		
	CREDIT	CS - 04			
Module -1				Teaching Hours	
Fourier Series: Periodic functions, D		•		10Hours	
period $2\pi$ and with arbitrary period $2c$			Half range Fourier		
Series, practical harmonic analysis-Illu	strative examples fr	om engineering field.			
<b>Module -2 Fourier Transforms:</b> Infinite Fourier	transforms Fourier	sing and assing transform	na Inversa Fourier	10 Hours	
transform.	transforms, Fourier	sine and cosine transform	is. Hiverse Pourier	10 110015	
<b>Z-transform:</b> Difference equations, b	asic definition, z-tr	ansform-definition, Stand	dard z-transforms,		
Damping rule, Shifting rule, Initial value and final value theorems (without proof) and problems,					
Inverse z-transform. Applications of z-	transforms to solve	difference equations.			
Module – 3					
Statistical Methods: Review of mea		•		10 Hours	
Pearson's coefficient of correlation-p	oroblems. Regression	on analysis- lines of re	gression (without		
proof) –problems <b>Curve Fitting:</b> Curve fitting by the me	ethod of least squar	es- fitting of the curves o	of the form v – ax		
+ b, $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $y = ae^{bx}$ .	oniou of feust squar	es fitting of the earves o	The form, $y = ux$		
Numerical Methods: Numerical solution	ion of algebraic and	d transcendental equations	s by Regula- Falsi		
Method and Newton-Raphson method.					
Module-4					
Finite differences: Forward and				10 Hours	
interpolation formulae. Divided diffe					
interpolation formula and inverse interpolation integration: Simpson's (					
Problems.	(1/3) and (3/6)	rules, weddie's rule (w	rillout proor ) –		
Module-5				T	
Vector integration: Line integrals-defin Green's theorem in a plane, Stokes and			•	10 Hours	
Calculus of Variations: Variation of fi					
equation, Geodesics, hanging chain, pro		mai, variational problems	. Edici 5		
Course outcomes:					
COMING OUTCOMES					

After Studying this course, students will be able to

- Know the use of periodic signals and Fourier series to analyze circuits and system communications.
- Explain the general linear system theory for continuous-time signals and digital signal processing using the Fourier Transform and z-transform.
- Employ appropriate numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations.
- Apply Green's Theorem, Divergence Theorem and Stokes' theorem in various applications in the field of electro-magnetic and gravitational fields and fluid flow problems.
- Determine the extremals of functionals and solve the simple problems of the calculus of variations.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. B. S. Grewal," Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 42nd edition, 2013.
- 2. B.V. Ramana "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.

- 1. N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering mathematics", Laxmi publications, latest edition.
- 2. Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" 9th edition, Wiley.
- 3. H. K Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand, 1st ed.

# ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)

ı	17CS32	IA Marks	40	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	60	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDIT	$\Gamma S - 04$		
Module -1				Teaching Hours
Field Effect Transistors: Junction Field and MOSFETs, Biasing MOSFETs, FI Integrated Circuit(IC) Multivibrators. In Opamp, Performance Parameters, Ope Circuit, Comparator, Active Filters, N Voltage Converter, Voltage-To-Current Text book 1:- Ch5: 5.2, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8, 5.5, 17.15, 17.18, 17.19, 17.20, 17.21.)	ET Applications, ntroduction to O erational Amplif Non-Linear Ampl Converter.	CMOS Devices. Was perational Amplifier fier Application Cir ifier, Relaxation Osc	ve-Shaping Circuits: :: Ideal v/s practical cuits:Peak Detector cillator, Current-To-	10 Hour
Module -2				
The Basic Gates: Review of Basic Logic Combinational Logic Circuits: Sum-Quads, and Octets, Karnaugh Simplifications, Simplifications, Simplifications, Simplifications,	of-Products Methocations, Don't-ca	od, Truth Table to K are Conditions, Produ	arnaugh Map, Pairs ct-of-sums Method,	10 Hour
covers, HDL Implementation Models.	3.11.			
covers, HDL Implementation Models.  Text book 2:- Ch2: 2.4, 2.5. Ch3: 3.2 to  Module – 3	3.11.			
covers, HDL Implementation Models.  Text book 2:- Ch2: 2.4, 2.5. Ch3: 3.2 to	ers, Demultiplexe Encoders, Exclurammable Array lecuits. Arithmetic p-Flops, Edge-trig	usive-OR Gates, Par Logic, Programmable Building Blocks, Ar gered RS FLIP-FLO	ity Generators and Logic Arrays, HDL ithmetic Logic Unit P, Edge-triggered D	10 Hour

**Flip- Flops:** FLIP-FLOP Timing, JK Master-slave FLIP-FLOP, Switch Contact Bounce Circuits, Various Representation of FLIP-FLOPs, HDL Implementation of FLIP-FLOP. **Registers:** Types of Registers, Serial In - Serial Out, Serial In - Parallel out, Parallel In - Serial Out, Parallel In - Parallel Out, Universal Shift Register, Applications of Shift Registers, Register implementation in HDL. **Counters:** Asynchronous Counters, Decoding Gates, Synchronous Counters, Changing the Counter Modulus.

(Text book 2:- Ch 8: 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 8.10, 8.13. Ch 9: 9.1 to 9.8. Ch 10: 10.1 to 10.4)

#### Module-5

**Counters:** Decade Counters, Presettable Counters, Counter Design as a Synthesis problem, A Digital Clock, Counter Design using HDL. **D/A Conversion and A/D Conversion:** Variable, Resistor Networks, Binary Ladders, D/A Converters, D/A Accuracy and Resolution, A/D Converter-Simultaneous Conversion, A/D Converter-Counter Method, Continuous A/D Conversion, A/D Techniques, Dual-slope A/D Conversion, A/D Accuracy and Resolution.

10 Hours

Text book 2:- Ch 10: 10.5 to 10.9. Ch 12: 12.1 to 12.10

Course outcomes: After Studying this course, students will be able to

- Explain the operation of JFETs and MOSFETs, Operational Amplifier circuits and their application
- Explain Combinational Logic, Simplification Techniques using Karnaugh Maps, Quine McClusky technique.
- Demonstrate Operation of Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Adders and Subtractors, working of Latches, Flip-Flops, Designing Registers, Counters, A/D and D/A Converters
- Design of Counters, Registers and A/D & D/A converters

### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal: Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha: Digital Principles and Applications, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015

- 1. Stephen Brown, Zvonko Vranesic: Fundamentals of Digital Logic Design with VHDL, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. R D Sudhaker Samuel: Illustrative Approach to Logic Design, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 3. M Morris Mano: Digital Logic and Computer Design, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2008.

[As per Ch	oice Based Credit	ND APPLICATIONS System (CBCS) schemic year 2017 -2018) R - III	ne]		
Subject Code	17CS33	IA Marks	40		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Marks 60					
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03		
	CREDITS	S - 04			
Module -1				Teachin Hours	
Dynamic Memory Allocation Funct Dynamically allocated arrays, <b>Array</b> (sorting. Multidimensional Arrays, Polys Storing, Operations and Pattern Matchin <b>Text 1:</b> Ch 1: 1.2, Ch2: 2.2 -2.7 <b>Text 2:</b> Ch 1: 1.1 -1.4, Ch 3: 3.1-3.3,3.8 <b>Ref 3:</b> Ch 1: 1.4	Operations: Trave nomials and Spars ag algorithms. Prog	e Matrices. <b>Strings:</b> Begramming Examples.	ng, searching, and		
Stacks and Queues Stacks: Definition, Stack Operations, Arrays, Stack Applications: Polish no expression, Recursion - Factorial, G function. Queues: Definition, Array Re queues using Dynamic arrays, Dequeue Queues. Programming Examples.  Text 1: Ch3: 3.1 -3.7 Text 2: Ch6: 6.1 -6.3, 6.5, 6.7-6.10, 6.1	otation, Infix to p CD, Fibonacci S epresentation, Que s, Priority Queues,	ostfix conversion, eval equence, Tower of H ue Operations, Circular	luation of postfix anoi, Ackerman's Queues, Circular	10 Hour	
Module – 3					
Linked Lists: Definition, Representation Collection. Linked list operations: Travelists, Circular linked lists, and header Linked lists – Polynomials, Sparse matr. Text 1: Ch4: 4.1 -4.8 except 4.6 Text 2: Ch5: 5.1 – 5.10	versing, Searching, linked lists. Link	Insertion, and Deletioned Stacks and Queues	n. Doubly Linked s. Applications of	10 Hour	

#### Module-4

**Trees**: Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Additional Binary tree operations. Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, Searching, Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression, Programming Examples

10 Hours

Text 1: Ch5: 5.1 –5.5, 5.7 Text 2: Ch7: 7.1 – 7.9

#### Module-5

**Graphs**: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation Of Graphs, Elementary Graph operations, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth First Search. **Sorting and Searching**: Insertion Sort, Radix sort, Address Calculation Sort. **Hashing:** Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. **Files and Their Organization:** Data Hierarchy, File Attributes, Text Files and Binary Files, Basic File Operations, File Organizations and Indexing

10 Hours

Text 1: Ch6: 6.1 –6.2, Ch 7:7.2, Ch 8:8.1-8.3 Text 2: Ch8: 8.1 – 8.7, Ch 9:9.1-9.3,9.7,9.9

Reference 2: Ch 16: 16.1 - 16.7

# **Course outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain different types of data structures, operations and algorithms
- Apply searching and sorting operations on files
- Make use of stack, Queue, Lists, Trees and Graphs in problem solving.
- Develop all data structures in a high-level language for problem solving.

### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Universities Press 2014
- 2. Data Structures Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st edition, McGraw Hill, 2014

- 1. Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C –Gilberg & Forouzan, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Cengage Learning,2014
- 2. Data Structures using C, , Reema Thareja, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition Oxford press, 2012
- 3. An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications- Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 4. Data Structures using C A M Tenenbaum, PHI, 1989
- 5. Data Structures and Program Design in C  $\,$  Robert Kruse,  $2^{nd}$  edition, PHI, 1996

	COMPUTER OR	GANIZATION			
_ <b>_</b>		System (CBCS) schen	ne]		
(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER - III					
Subject Code	17CS34	IA Marks	40		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Marks 60					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03		
Total Number of Eccure Hours			03		
	CREDIT	S – 04			
Module -1				Teaching Hours	
Basic Structure of Computers: Basic Processor Clock, Basic Performance Instructions and Programs: Memory Louising Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Operations, Stacks and Queues, Sul Instructions	Equation, Clock Rocation and Addres Modes, Assembl	ate, Performance Meast ses, Memory Operation y Language, Basic It	urement. Machine s, Instructions and oput and Output	10Hours	
Module -2					
Input/Output Organization: Accessing Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multipl Memory Access, Buses Interface Circu	e Devices, Control	lling Device Requests, I	Exceptions, Direct	10 Hours	
Module – 3				l	
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Sen Size, and Cost, Cache Memories – M Considerations, Virtual Memories, Sec	Mapping Functions			10 Hours	
Module-4					
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmetic Open Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Inter-	Multiplication of	of Positive Numbers,	Signed Operand	10 Hours	
Module-5					
Basic Processing Unit: Some Funda Multiple Bus Organization, Hard-w Embedded Systems and Large Comp Embedded Systems, Processor chips structure of General-Purpose Multiproc	vired Control, M uter Systems: Bas for embedded ap	ficro programmed Co sic Concepts of pipelin	ntrol. Pipelining, ing, Examples of	10 Hours	
Course outcomes: After studying this	course, students wi	ill be able to:		<u> </u>	
Explain the basic organization					
<ul> <li>Demonstrate functioning of diff</li> </ul>	ferent sub systems	, such as processor, Inpu	_	ory.	

- Illustrate hardwired control and micro programmed control. pipelining, embedded and other computing systems.
- Build simple arithmetic and logical units.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# **Text Books:**

1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky: Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 12)

# **Reference Books:**

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2015.

# UNIX AND SHELL PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER - III **Subject Code** 17CS35 **IA Marks** 40 **Number of Lecture Hours/Week** 03 **Exam Marks 60 Total Number of Lecture Hours** 40 **Exam Hours** 03 **CREDITS – 03** Module -1 Teaching Hours Introduction, Brief history. Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX 08 Hours Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. The login prompt. General features of Unix commands/ command structure. Command arguments and options. Understanding of some basic commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date, passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The man command knowing more about Unix commands and using Unix online manual pages. The man with keyword option and whatis. The more command and using it with other commands. Knowing the user terminal, displaying its characteristics and setting characteristics. Managing the non-uniform behaviour of terminals and keyboards. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command. The /etc/passwd and /etc/shadow files. Commands to add, modify and delete users. Topics from chapter 2, 3 and 15 of text book 1, chapter 1 from text book 2 Module -2 Unix files. Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard 08 Hours directories. Parent child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot (.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, my, rm, cp, wc and od commands. File attributes and permissions and knowing them. The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions. Topics from chapters 4, 5 and 6 of text book 1 Module - 3The vi editor. Basics. The .exrc file. Different ways of invoking and quitting vi. Different modes of 08 Hours vi. Input mode commands. Command mode commands. The ex mode commands. Illustrative examples Navigation commands. Repeat command. Pattern searching. The search and replace command. The set, map and abbr commands. Simple examples using these commands. The shells interpretive cycle. Wild cards and file name generation. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection. Connecting commands: Pipe. Splitting the

output: tee. Command substitution. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep.

Topics from chapters 7, 8 and 13 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 2 and 9,10 of text book

Typical examples involving different regular expressions.

#### Module-4

Shell programming. Ordinary and environment variables. The .profile. Read and readonly commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. The set and shift commands and handling positional parameters. The here ( << ) document and trap command. Simple shell program examples. File inodes and the inode structure. File links – hard and soft links. Filters. Head and tail commands. Cut and paste commands. The sort command and its usage with different options. The umask and default file permissions. Two special files /dev/null and /dev/tty.

08 Hours

### Topics from chapter 11, 12, 14 of text book 1, chapter 17 from text book2

#### Module-5

Meaning of a process. Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals. The nice and nohup commands. Background processes. The bg and fg command. The kill command. The find command with illustrative example.

08 Hours

Structure of a perl script. Running a perl script. Variables and operators. String handling functions. Default variables - \$\_ and \$. - representing the current line and current line number. The range operator. Chop() and chomp() functions. Lists and arrays. The @- variable. The splice operator, push(), pop(), split() and join(). File handles and handling file - using open(), close() and die () functions.. Associative arrays - keys and value functions. Overview of decision making loop control structures - the foreach. Regular expressions - simple and multiple search patterns. The match and substitute operators. Defining and using subroutines.

### Topics from chapter 9 and 19 of text book 1. Topics from chapter 11 of reference book 1

### **Course outcomes:**

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Explain UNIX system and use different commands.
- Compile Shell scripts for certain functions on different subsystems.
- Demonstrate use of editors and Perl script writing

### **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition., Tata McGraw Hill
- **2.** Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg: UNIX and Shell Programming- Cengage Learning India Edition. 2009.

- 1. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming, Pearson Education.
- **2.** Richard Blum, Christine Bresnahan: Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, Wiley, 2014.

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER – III				
Subject Code	17CS36	IA Marks	40	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Marks 60				
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50 Exam Hours 03			
	CREDIT	S – 04		
Module -1				Teaching Hours
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Conne Logic, Logical Implication – Rules Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions an	of Inference. Fun	damentals of Logic con		10Hours
Module -2				l
Properties of the Integers: Mathemat Induction, Recursive Definitions. Prin The Rules of Sum and Product, Combinations with Repetition,.	ciples of Counting	g. Fundamental Principl	les of Counting:	10 Hours
Module – 3				
Relations and Functions: Cartesian I Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole I Properties of Relations, Computer Red Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence	Principle, Functio cognition – Zero-C	n Composition and Indone Matrices and Directed	verse Functions.	10 Hours
Module-4				l
The Principle of Inclusion and Generalizations of the Principle, Derar Recurrence Relations: First Order Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with	ngements – Nothin Linear Recurren	g is in its Right Place, Roce Relation, The Secon	ook Polynomials.	10 Hours
Module-5				
Introduction to Graph Theory: Defin Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Examples, Routed Trees, Trees and So	Trails and Circu	its, Trees: Definitions,		10 Hours

# **Course outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Make use of propositional and predicate logic in knowledge representation and truth verification.
- Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- Solve problems using recurrence relations and generating functions.
- Apply different mathematical proofs, techniques in proving theorems.
- Compare graphs, trees and their applications.

# **Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.

There will be 2 questions from each module.

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### **Text Books:**

1. Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, , 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education. 2004. (Chapter 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, Appendix 3, Chapter 2, Chapter 4.1, 4.2, Chapter 5.1 to 5.6, Chapter 7.1 to 7.4, Chapter 16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.5 to 16.9, and Chapter 14.1, 14.2, 14.3).

- 1. Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: Discrete Mathematics A Concept based approach, Universities Press, 2016
- 2. Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Jayant Ganguly: A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures, Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, Thomson, 2004.
- 5. Thomas Koshy: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

#### ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY

# [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)

#### **SEMESTER - III**

<b>Laboratory Code</b>	17CSL37	IA Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	40	Exam Hours	03

**CREDITS - 02** 

### **Descriptions (if any)**

# Any simulation package like MultiSim / P-spice /Equivalent software may be used.

Faculty-in-charge should demonstrate and explain the required hardware components and their functional Block diagrams, timing diagrams etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.

**Laboratory Session-1:** Write-upon analog components; functional block diagram, Pin diagram (if any), waveforms and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

**Laboratory Session-2:** Write-upon Logic design components, pin diagram (if any), Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

**Note: These TWO Laboratory sessions** are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are to be evaluated for 40 marks as lab experiments.

### **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. a) Design and construct a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp for given UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and implement a Schmitt trigger using Op-Amp using a simulation package for two sets of UTP and LTP values and demonstrate its working.
- 2. a) Design and construct a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) for given frequency and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and implement a rectangular waveform generator (Op-Amp relaxation oscillator) using a simulation package and demonstrate the change in frequency when all resistor values are doubled.
- 3. Design and implement an Astable multivibrator circuit using 555 timer for a given frequency and duty cycle.

NOTE: hardware and software results need to be compared

- 4. Design and implement Half adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor using basic gates.
- 5. a) Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using Entered Variable Map realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog /VHDL code for an 8:1 multiplexer. Simulate and verify its working.

- 6. a) Design and implement code converter I)Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code using basic gates.
- 7. Design and verify the Truth Table of 3-bit Parity Generator and 4-bit Parity Checker using basic Logic Gates with an even parity bit.
- 8. a) Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table.
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for D Flip-Flop with positive-edge triggering. Simulate and verify it's working.
- 9. a) Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
  - b) Design and develop the Verilog / VHDL code for mod-8 up counter. Simulate and verify it's working.
- 10. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-
- 11. Generate a Ramp output waveform using DAC0800 (Inputs are given to DAC through IC74393 dual 4-bit binary counter).

### **Study experiment**

12. To study 4-bitALU using IC-74181.

#### **Course outcomes:**

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate various Electronic Devices like Cathode ray Oscilloscope, Signal generators, Digital Trainer Kit, Multimeters and components like Resistors, Capacitors, Op amp and Integrated Circuit.
- Design and demonstrate various combinational logic circuits.
- Design and demonstrate various types of counters and Registers using Flip-flops
- Make use of simulation package to design circuits.
- Infer the working and implementation of ALU.

# **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments (1 to 11 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script.
- 4. Marks distribution:
  - a) For questions having part a only- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:15 + 70 +15 =100 Marks
  - b) For questions having part a and b
    Part a- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:09 + 42 +09= 60 Marks
    Part b- Procedure + Conduction + Viva:06 + 28 +06= 40 Marks
- 5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018) SEMESTER - III				
Laboratory Code	17CSL38	IA Marks	40	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01I + 02P	Exam Marks	60	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	40	Exam Hours	03	

**CREDITS - 02** 

# **Descriptions (if any)**

Implement all the experiments in C Language under Linux / Windows environment.

### **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following **Array** operations
  - a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
  - b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
  - c. Inserting an Element (**ELEM**) at a given valid Position (**POS**)
  - d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position(**POS**)
  - e. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

- 2. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operationson **Strings** 
  - a. Read a main String (STR), a Pattern String (PAT) and a Replace String (REP)
  - b. Perform Pattern Matching Operation: Find and Replace all occurrences of **PAT** in **STR** with **REP** if **PAT** exists in **STR**. Report suitable messages in case **PAT** does not exist in **STR**.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations. Don't use Built-in functions.

- 3. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **STACK** of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size **MAX**)
  - a. **Push** an Element on to Stack
  - b. *Pop* an Element from Stack
  - c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check *Palindrome*
  - d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack
  - e. Display the status of Stack
  - f Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- 4. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, \*, /, %(Remainder), ^(Power) and alphanumeric operands.
- 5. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications
  - a. Evaluation of **Suffix expression** with single digit operands and operators: +, -, \*, /, %, ^
  - b. Solving **Tower of Hanoi** problem with **n** disks

- 6. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Circular QUEUE** of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size **MAX**)
  - a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE
  - b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE
  - c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE
  - d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE
  - e. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- 7. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Singly Linked List (SLL)** of Student Data with the fields: *USN*, *Name*, *Branch*, *Sem*, *PhNo* 
  - a. Create a **SLL** of **N** Students Data by using *front insertion*.
  - b. Display the status of **SLL** and count the number of nodes in it
  - c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of **SLL**
  - d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of **SLL(Demonstration of stack)**
  - e. Exit
- 8. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Doubly Linked List (DLL)** of Employee Data with the fields: *SSN*, *Name*, *Dept*, *Designation*, *Sal*, *PhNo* 
  - a. Create a **DLL** of **N** Employees Data by using *end insertion*.
  - b. Display the status of **DLL** and count the number of nodes in it
  - c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL
  - d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL
  - e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue
  - f. Exit
- 9. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on **Singly** Circular Linked List (SCLL) with header nodes
  - a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial  $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z-4yz^5+3x^3yz+2xy^5z-2xyz^3$
  - b. Find the sum of two polynomials POLY1(x,y,z) and POLY2(x,y,z) and store the result in POLYSUM(x,y,z)

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

- 10. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on **Binary Search Tree (BST)** of Integers
  - a. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2
  - b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
  - c. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message
  - e. Exit
- 11. Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on **Graph(G)** of Cities
  - a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
  - b. Print all the nodes **reachable** from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS method

12. Given a File of **N** employee records with a set **K** of Keys(4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file **F**. Assume that file **F** is maintained in memory by a Hash Table(HT) of **m** memory locations with **L** as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in **K** and addresses in **L** are Integers. Design and develop a Program in C that uses Hash function **H**: **K** →**L** as H(**K**)=**K** mod **m** (**remainder** method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key **K** to the address space **L**. Resolve the collision (if any) using **linear probing**.

#### **Course outcomes:**

On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze and Compare various linear and non-linear data structures
- Demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Develop, analyze and evaluate the searching and sorting algorithms
- Choose the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

### **Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- 1. All laboratory experiments (TWELVE nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- 2. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- 3. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script
- 4. Marks distribution: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 15 + 70 + 15 (100)
- 5. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.